# Kirklees College Financial Statements 2023 – 2024

## From the year ended 31 July 2024

# Reference and Administrative Details

## Board of Governors

A full list of Governors is given on page 26 of these financial statements.

## Clerk to the Corporation

Mrs Joanna Green (Left 12th January 2024) and Mrs Carol Tague (Started 18th December 2023) acted as Clerk to the Corporation.

## Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel are defined as members of the College Senior Management Team and were represented by the following in 2023/24:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Mr Palvinder Singh | Principal and Chief Executive, Accounting Officer |
| Mr Peter Doherty | Vice Principal, Finance and Resources |
| Mrs Julia Arechiga | Vice Principal, Curriculum and Innovation |
| Mr Darren Rayneau | Executive Director of Business Systems |
| Mrs Jane Simpson | Executive Director of Human Resources and Organisational Development (Left 31st October 2023) |
| Mrs Pauline Hughes | Assistant Principal, Quality and Student Experience |
| Ms Lisa Buckley | Assistant Principal, Curriculum and Performance |
| Mrs Polly Harrow | Assistant Principal, Safeguarding and Inclusion |
| Mrs Helen Rose | Director of External Relations and Apprenticeships |
| Mr Philip Sugden | Director of Estates and Facilities |
| Mrs Philippa Lucarz | Executive Director of People and Culture (Started 8th January 2024) |

# Reference and Administrative Details (*continued*)

## Registered Office

Kirklees College Waterfront Quarter Manchester Road Huddersfield

HD1 3LD

## Professional advisors:

**Financial statement and regularity auditors:**

RSM UK Audit LLP Two Humber Quays Wellington Street West Hull

HU1 2BN

## Internal auditors

Wbg (Audit) Limited 168 Bath Street Glasgow

G2 4TP

## Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc

1 Westgate

Huddersfield

HD1 2DN

Barclays Bank PLC

1 Churchill Place

Canary Wharf

London

E14 5HP

Kirklees Council

Civic Centre

Huddersfield

HD1 1WG

**Solicitors**

Stone King LLP

One Park Row

Leeds

LS1 5HN

Irwin Mitchell LLP

Riverside East

2 Millsands

Sheffield

S3 8DT

# Strategic Report

## Objectives and Strategy

The Governing Body present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditors report for Kirklees College for the year ended 31 July 2024.

## Legal status

The Corporation was established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting the business of Huddersfield Technical College. The college is an exempt charity for the purposes of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011.

The Corporation was incorporated as Huddersfield Technical College. However, on 1st August 2008 the college merged its activities with Dewsbury College and at that date all assets, liabilities and activities of Dewsbury College were transferred to Huddersfield Technical College and Dewsbury College was dissolved. The Secretary of State granted consent to the Corporation to change the college’s name to Kirklees College with effect from that date.

The Department for Education and Education and Skills Funding Agency introduced new controls for the college on 29 November 2022 on the day that the Office for National Statistics reclassified colleges as public sector organisations in the national accounts. In March 2024 the College Financial Handbook was published and is effective from 1 August 2024.

On the 11 September 2024 it was announced that The Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) will close in March 2025 bringing the current functions into the Department for Education.

## Mission

Kirklees College is a uniquely vocational college whose student community reflects the diversity of the local area. We offer inspirational teaching in industry standard, state-of-the-art facilities and ensure curriculum is developed with employers to enable students to progress.

Our mission is creating opportunities, changing lives and this is at the heart of everything we do. The college has a common set of values for both students and staff: Kindness, Unity and Excellence, and they define how we behave and interact with each other. At Kirklees College we aim to foster an honest and compassionate approach to ourselves, our people and environment, develop a shared purpose across our community, and set a culture of high aspiration, expectation and success. We strive to be ahead of the curve in our approach to teaching and learning and be a first-choice provider for students and industry alike.

With over 12,000 students on full-time and part-time courses, and apprenticeships, we provide seven bespoke centres across the Kirklees region, from two main centres based in Dewsbury and Huddersfield, and dedicated learning centres for Animal Care, Construction, Engineering, Process Manufacturing and Higher Education.

## Implementation of strategic plan

A new Strategic Plan for 2022 to 2025 was developed following full stakeholder consultation (‘Your Voice, Our Future’) and approved by Corporation in July 2022. As an anchor organisation working with local communities and partners, Kirklees College has a pivotal role to play in delivering positive change to people’s lives. The Strategic Plan 2022-2025 is a guide to achieve the best possible outcomes for our students, staff and community. It will also help ensure a thriving college for future generations.

The college mission is ‘Creating opportunities, changing lives’.

The college Vision is ‘A college at the heart of its community providing inspirational teaching and ensuring curriculum is developed with employers, enabling all students to progress.’

The Strategic Plan 2022-25 defines the college’s values, which epitomise ’how we do things’.

The college’s Strategic Goals are the big-ticket items to progress by 2025 to deliver our vision, namely: People

* An excellent culture in which to work and learn
* A dynamic interconnected digital learning experience

Performance

* A fantastic student learning experience with great outcomes
* Strong, sustainable financial performance

Position

* Recognised by employers and students as the provider of choice in Kirklees for higher technical skills
* Every centre demonstrates strong civic responsibility
* We play an important role in combating climate emergency

The following Strategic Priorities were defined by the college and fully achieved for 2023/24:

* Embed trauma informed, anti-racist and restorative practice
* Establish a digital innovation hub
* Improve 16-18 study programme achievement rates
* Develop data dashboard for curriculum areas
* Undertake a Curriculum Efficiency and Financial Sustainability Support (CEFSS) review
* Develop a skills responsive strategy for growth

The remaining Strategic Priority for 2023/24 (Embed environmental sustainability) was partially achieved and actions are planned for its completion in 2024/25.

## Key achievements 2023/24

Key headline highlights against the college strategic objectives in 2023/24 include:

### Kirklees College launches new digital Innovation Hub

Kirklees College has launched its new digital Innovation Hub at Huddersfield Centre. The Hub was officially opened in October 2023, during Staff Learning and Development Day, and colleagues from across the college were invited to visit and have a look around.

The Hub is a multi-room technology space, with meeting areas and specialist equipment, including a virtual reality lab, creation pods for podcasting and videocasting and digital experimentation zone, where the latest technology will be showcased.

One of the college’s strategic aims for the year was to create a dynamic and interconnected digital learning experience, and the launch of the Innovation Hub is the culmination of this work. The Hub aims to support the college on its digital journey by making technology accessible and equipping our students and staff with the skills and knowledge to thrive in the digital age.

### Jason McCartney MP opens English and Maths Hub

In March 2024, Jason McCartney MP for Colne Valley attended the opening of the new English and Maths Skills Hub at Kirklees College’s Huddersfield Centre. The Skills Hub also includes an immersive room, which has wall-to- ceiling projection facility to make learning fun, digital and interactive. This will help students with their English and maths learning, but will also provide amazing opportunities for students to experience things they may otherwise not be able to, as this virtual reality facility can transport them to anywhere in the world in an instant.

### Kirklees College named as a finalist in prestigious AoC Beacon Awards

In November 2023, Kirklees College was announced as one of the finalists in the annual Association of Colleges (AoC) Beacon Awards in the NOCN Group Award for Mental Health and Wellbeing.

The award submission outlined the college’s current initiative of implementing trauma informed, restorative approaches in student support to aid student’s mental health and wellbeing. The purpose of embedding this approach is to ensure inclusion is maximised and to allow all students the best opportunities to succeed, despite barriers to learning that may arise due to mental health and wellbeing concerns.

### Kirklees College secures funding for major investment for new digital technologies from the Local Skills Improvement Fund (LSIF)

This year, Kirklees College was successful in securing £6.9 million from the Department for Education to digitise teaching and learning in key sectors.

So far, the money has been invested in a new Digital Learning Hub and equipment in the music department, which will strengthen our partnership with local outreach organisation, Model Citizens, who target young people of NEET status.

Money has also been invested in VR headsets, a robotic arm and 3D printers at Engineering Centre; a virtual construction training facility; VR equipment in the Innovation Hub for Teaching and Learning, and an Anatomage table in the Science department.

### Kirklees Build Project brings Construction back to Dewsbury

Kirklees College and Kirklees Council have announced an exciting new partnership to deliver the first construction training facility in North Kirklees. The Kirklees Build project will see development of a new skills and education centre delivering practical construction training within a live site environment, located initially at Kirklees College’s Springfield Sixth Form Centre in Dewsbury.

The Construction Skills Hub will be a leading-edge facility that will deliver training in modern methods of construction, retrofit, low carbon energy and other future skills needs. The centre has been designed in collaboration with stakeholders including the Construction Industry Training Board (CITB) to ensure that the facilities included will equip the next generation with the skills needed to meet the demands of the future.

The second phase of the project will involve developing a construction skills hub at a major housing development in North Kirklees. The project is being funded through a Government grant from the Dewsbury Town Fund programme and Kirklees Council.

The college is particularly proud of our staff and students and surveyed both groups in 2023/24.

In June 2024, the college ran the annual survey of staff. Overall, 91% felt that people from different backgrounds are readily accepted and made to feel welcome here and 90% of staff stated managers treat staff with respect.

The college also surveys its students at regular intervals to gain student voice. At the end of term 2 in the 2023/24 academic year, a survey of classroom-based students concluded that 97% of students considered the quality of teaching on their main programme of study to be high quality. 98% of students agreed the college was a welcoming place for people of all backgrounds and 96% of students said the college was a safe place to be.

## Resources

The college has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

People

The college employed an average of 707 full time equivalent staff in the year to 31 July 2024 (683 in 2022/23) of whom 274 (283 in 2023) are teaching or staff directly engaged in the delivery of the curriculum.

Students

The college delivered education to approximately 10,400 students. The college’s population included 3,786 16 to 18 year-old students, 1,239 apprentices, 79 higher education students and 153 advanced learner loans funded students. The college also delivered to 6,000 adults.

Financial

Reserves increased in 2023/24 to £33.6m.

Tangible resources as at 31st July 2024 include the main college sites in Huddersfield and Dewsbury and four other specialist sites situated in the Kirklees area.

Reputation

The college has a good reputation locally and nationally. Maintaining a quality brand is essential for the college’s success at attracting students and external relationships.

## Stakeholders

Kirklees College has many stakeholders. These include:

* Current, future and past students.
* Staff and their trade unions. The senior management team are named at the front of this document. The trade unions of which Kirklees College staff are members are the University and College Union, National Education Union and Unison.
* The employers it works with.
* The wider local community.
* The Department for Education and its delivery agencies.
* Bankers.
* Kirklees Council, The Leeds City Region Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP) and the West Yorkshire Combined Authority.
* Other FE institutions and Schools.
* Professional bodies.

The college recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them through the college website and by meetings.

## Public Benefit

Kirklees College is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and is regulated by the Secretary of State for Education. The members of the Governing Body, who are trustees of the charity, are disclosed on page 26.

In setting and reviewing the college’s strategic objectives, the Governing Body has had due regard to the Charity Commission’s guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education.

In delivering its mission, the college provides identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education to approximately 10,400 students including over 500 with high needs.

Kirklees College provides courses without charge to young people, to those who are unemployed and adults taking English and maths courses. The college adjusts its courses to meet the needs of local employers and in 2023/24 provided training to 1,239 apprentices. The college is committed to providing information, advice and guidance to the students it enrols and to finding suitable courses for as many students as possible, regardless of their educational background.

## Development and Performance

**Financial results**

The college has adopted the measure of Earnings before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) for monitoring financial performance. This measure adjusts the operating position for the major non-cash transactions (depreciation, capital grant releases, the defined benefit pension obligation operating credits/charges) and interest payable. In 2023/24 the college returned an EBITDA of £5.7m against an original budget of £2.9m (2022/23 £4.5m against an original budget of £2.8m).

The Statement of Comprehensive Income shows a surplus of £3.5m, (2022/23 – surplus of £5.1m). This is stated after an adverse £0.4m movement in the actuarial valuation of the Local Government Pension Scheme, (2022/23 £5.4m favourable actuarial movement), and a £0.3m credit (2022/23

£1.1m charge) of FRS102 operating charges in respect of the pension scheme. The underlying trading position without these pension movements has improved from a surplus of £0.8m in 2022/23 to £3.6m in 2023/24.

The college’s financial statements show accumulated reserves of £33.6m compared to the net unrestricted reserves of £30.1m in 2022/23. The Statement of Changes in Reserves on page 47 summarises the movements in more detail.

Tangible fixed asset additions during the year amounted to £2.8m. These additions were split between land and buildings additions of £1.1m and equipment additions of £1.7m.

Land and buildings additions mainly relate to final costs for construction of a new building at the college’s Taylor Hill site along with the installation of solar panels at the Springfield Centre and creation of a mezzanine at the Brunel House Centre.

The £1.7m of equipment additions include £0.1m of specialist educational equipment funded by the Department for Education for the introduction of T-Level courses and £0.3m from the Local Strategic Investment Fund (LSIF) through the West Yorkshire Consortium of Colleges (WYCC) for a number of curriculum areas to build their capacity to meet local skills priorities.

## Cash flows and liquidity

There was a net cash inflow from operating activities of £8.3m in 2023/24 compared to £7.9m in 2022/23. The Statement of Cash Flows analyses the movements in cash flows in more detail, and includes receipt of £1.8m of capital funding which remained unspent at 31 July 2024. £0.9m of debt was repaid during the year.

## Capital Developments

The College focused on 2 main projects during the year, the first being the creation of new space at the Construction College and the second refurbishing some of the College student refectories.

New mezzanines have been built in the workshop areas at Brunel which are designed to support a more efficient use of the building and to enable a more sustainable course delivery.

The Waterfront and Brunel sites have had their refectory areas fully refurbished including the opening of a new coffee shop. This supports an increase in variety and choice of food alongside an improved student experience.

## Other Developments and events

### Reopening of Boothroyd’s Salon

In May 2024, Kirklees College formally reopened the door of Boothroyd’s Salon at Pioneer Higher Skills Centre to the public.

The salon, which offers hair, beauty and spa treatments, is one of the college’s key training facilities. The salon’s opening to the public, however, was sadly delayed due to the Covid pandemic.

### COLS 2024

Kirklees College held its annual College Outstanding Learner Success (COLS) Awards ceremony in June 2024. The event, now in its fourteenth year, celebrated the accomplishments of students who have excelled academically, contributed to college life, and demonstrated remarkable personal qualities throughout the year.

In addition to the curriculum area accolades presented, two special awards were also given out on the night. Rosie Hodgson, who won the Art and Design category, was named overall winner and Zainab Shafiq was given a special recognition award for her work with the Enrichment team to bring to light different accessibility issues through campaigns and activities across college.

### KC Festival

The college held its first KC Festival in July 2024, where curriculum and business support staff came together at Huddersfield Centre to participate in a range of fun activities, including CPD related courses, creative activities, and fun challenges.

## Student numbers

In 2023/24 the college delivered funded activity that has produced £39.8m in ESFA and West Yorkshire Combined Authority funding (2022/23, £36.7m). The college delivered to approximately 10,400 funded learners from these allocations, including 1,239 apprentices and 6,000 adults. In 2023/24 the college delivered to 3,786 16-18-year olds, 274 higher than the original contract value of 3,512 and 295 higher than 2022/23, meaning that the allocation for 2024/25 has increased through the lagged funding methodology.

## Curriculum achievements

The college has a strategic focus on providing the skills, knowledge and expertise required to address skills shortage areas and support economic growth in Kirklees and the wider Leeds City region. To ensure that the right curriculum is offered to meet employers’ needs and key regional skills shortage priorities, the college has had significant strategic focus of developing excellent relationships with a wide range of employers. The college is becoming an acknowledged centre for the delivery of training for industry in engineering and process manufacturing, which is of strategic economic importance in Kirklees

Students benefit from the high expectations, levels of support and subject expertise of staff which ensures that they develop the required academic knowledge and practical skills in order to successfully complete their programme and progress into further learning or employment in the industries that learners aspire to move into. Particular areas of celebration in 23/24 have been:

### Opening of New Reptile House and Aquatics Centre

The new Reptile House and Aquatics Centre at Taylor Hill Animal Centre was officially opened in June 2024. The new centre, which the college invested £1.5million in, will provide state-of-the-art training facilities for our Animal Care and Management students.

### Mayor of West Yorkshire Reopens Landings 2

In January 2024, Mayor of West Yorkshire Tracy Brabin visited Kirklees College to mark the refurbishment of the college’s restaurant, Landings 72. Brabin formally reopened the restaurant in a ribbon cutting ceremony and plaque unveiling alongside the college’s Principal Palvinder Singh during the annual West Yorkshire Principal’s dinner.

Principals from further education colleges across West Yorkshire were among the first guests to enjoy a meal at the restaurant since its relaunch, and were treated to a spectacular three-course dinner prepared by Kirklees College students.

### KC Hustings Event

Ahead of the General Election, in June 2024 the Kirklees College Students’ Union and Enrichment team organised a hustings event with local candidates from across Kirklees.

Hundreds of young people from Kirklees College, Greenhead College, and Huddersfield New College attended the event. Candidates from Labour, the Green Party, Reform UK and Liberal Democrats attended, answering questions from the student community that covered a range of topics, including the NHS, immigration, global conflicts and more.

### Animal Care Student Receives Life-Changing Scholarship

Level 3 Animal Care student Megan Koolaji secured a life-changing scholarship of £4,000 for university study through the Mirfield Education Charity. Megan has suffered with chronic illness throughout her teenage years and was held back at school, but found her calling when she arrived at Taylor Hill Animal Centre. We are delighted to say she has gone on to start a degree in Veterinary Nursing at Askham Bryan University Centre in September 2024.

### Plumbing Apprentice Secures Adult Learner Award

Plumbing apprentice Rebecca Markey won the Rebecca Markey won the Kirklees Adult Learner Award for ‘New Directions’ in October 2023. The awards, given out in a formal ceremony at the University of Huddersfield, celebrate adult learners across Kirklees who have returned to education and are making a positive impact within their chosen industry.

Her progression from Level 1 student to Level 3 apprentice, aptitude and positive attitude to learning clearly stood out to the judging panel and ultimately led to her receiving this prestigious award.

### Level 3 Media Students Wow at Work Placement

Level 3 Media students Ethan and Alfie were hired by a local addiction service, the Basement Recovery Project, following a very successful work placement. During the placement, they produced and edited a number of short online sessions for clients to use. The company were incredibly impressed by their technical skills, kindness and professionalism.

### Food and Drink Manufacturing Awards

During National Apprenticeship Week, the team at Process Manufacturing Centre hosted an awards ceremony to mark the achievements of our Food and Drink apprentices.

Six awards were given out in total, a year one, two, three and four apprentice achievement awards, as well as an additional two awards for most improved apprentices. Each winner was awarded a trophy and a £50 Amazon gift card.

The winners were: Aleksandra Lewinska (Ola) – Fox’s Biscuits; Joe Carter – Hovis; James Brett Powell – Arla; Angus Garett – Premier Foods; Owen White – Hovis and Macauley Hill – Premier Foods.

### West Yorkshire Adult Learner Awards

Three of our exceptional adult students attended the West Yorkshire Adult Learner Awards in Leeds in July 2024. Vanessa Clair Morris was nominated for the Higher Education Learner Award, Safeena Ali was nominated for Inspirational Adult Learner and Firoza Ghulami for the English Language Learner Award.

The awards were hosted by Tracy Brabin, Mayor of West Yorkshire and were held at Leeds Civic Hall.

## Curriculum developments

The college continues to offer a curriculum strong in breadth and depth, including courses from entry level to Higher Education opportunities. There has been a very strong focus developing the skills improvement plan (LSIPs) and listening to and working with a wide range of employers, this has led to curriculum development, new apprenticeship programmes and bespoke full cost training.

Future curriculum developments will focus on skills shortage areas, local and regional LEP priorities and employer identified demands.

## Environmental matters

The college’s Strategic Goals for 2022 to 2025 include a focus on environmental matters by recognising that ‘We play an influential role in combating climate emergency’.

The annual Strategic Priority for 2023/2024 was to Embed Environmental Sustainability.

The College has completed several projects to help reduce its carbon footprint, such as installing solar panels to further buildings and improving waste recycling efforts.

However, promoting and embedding sustainability throughout the College requires further development.

A programme is planned for 2024/2025 designed to create changemakers who will broaden the College's influence and commitment to sustainability.

## Reserves

The college has accumulated income and expenditure reserves of £33.6m and cash reserves of

£17.7m. The college wishes to continue to accumulate reserves and cash balances in order to fund future capital investment.

## Sources of income

The college places significant reliance on the education sector funding bodies for its principal funding source, largely from recurrent grants. In 2023/24, funding bodies provided 87% of the college’s total income. The largest proportion of funding comes from 16-18 Education and Training, which grew by

£3.2m (14%) on the previous year.

## Future Prospects

**Future developments**

The college’s Strategic Priorities for 2024/25 are as follows:

* Embed a restorative culture and practice throughout the college
* Educate staff in the use of Artificial Intelligence through a programme of innovation, exploration and professional development
* Develop a framework which supports people excellence
* Develop an ambitious personal development culture to enhance students’ positive destinations
* Ensure department budget holders understand and take accountability and ownership for the development and promotion of College space
* Increase applications from Dewsbury students for Dewsbury provision

The college remains determined to continue raising standards in everything it does. We have demonstrated significant improvements to the learner experience, financial health, the support we provide for our students and the quality of teaching and learning provided and will seek to continue this drive over the final year of the existing Strategic Plan 2022 to 2025.

During 2024/25 the college will develop and approve a new Strategic Plan 2025 to 2030.

## Financial Plan

The college governors approved a financial plan in July 2024 which set objectives for the period to July 2026 which aims to consistently improve financial resilience.

## Treasury policies and objectives

Treasury management is the management of the college’s cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks. The college has a separate treasury management policy in place.

In March 2010, the college agreed a long-term borrowing facility of £23.4m from the Local Authority at a fixed rate for 25 years of 5.08% to part finance the £85m major capital build projects in Huddersfield. As part of the college recovery plan supporting the 2017/18 Restructuring Fund application, the Local Authority agreed a one-year payment holiday in 2019/20 which resulted in the loan term being extended by one year to March 2036.

These financial statements include provision for the repayment of £1.42m to the LEP in respect of an overage clause to the Process Manufacturing Centre grant agreement. Accounting standards require this to be treated as a ‘loan’. The repayment amount in February 2026 is fixed at £1.42m. This sum has been discounted back to arrive at a value at drawdown reflective of the prevailing commercial rate of interest at the time, and the balance is being amortised annually until it reaches the repayment sum by the repayment date. At the July 2024 year end, £1.32m is disclosed within loan balances due in over one year, the remaining £0.10m is disclosed within other creditors due in over one year.

The establishment of all borrowing requires the authorisation of the Corporation and following the reclassification to the central government sector with effect from 29 November 2022 it will also require the consent of the Department for Education.

## Reserves Policy

The college has a Reserves Policy that recognises the importance of reserves in the financial stability of any organisation, and ensures that there are adequate reserves to support the college’s core activities. As at the balance sheet date, the Income and Expenditure account reserve stands at

£33.6m (2023 £30.1m). It remains the Corporation’s intention to increase reserves by the generation of annual operating surpluses to ensure strong sustainable financial performance for the college’s future.

Growth in student numbers is challenging the college’s existing space capacity suggesting the need for expansion in the medium term. A new estates strategy is being developed which will look to address this and we have to assume this will come at a substantial cost which will therefore likewise require significant reserves.

## Principle Risks and Uncertainties

The college has well developed strategies for managing risk and strives to embed risk management in all that it does. The Governing Body has overall responsibility for risk management and its approach to managing risks and the system of internal control is explained in the Governance Statement.

Implementation of a new risk management software system commenced in June 2023 and was rolled out in 2023/24 alongside risk management training for strategic risk owners. The college has also introduced an in-house internal audit function to enhance the controls framework and provide greater assurance.

A “heat map” procedure is applied to assess levels of risk. The Risk Register identifies the key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on the college and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks. Risks are prioritised in a RAG (Red, Amber, Green) manner which gives the college an easily recognised picture at a glance but with the detail beneath it as and when required.

The Risk Management policy and procedures were reviewed in 2023/24 and the strategic risk register is reviewed by the audit committee on a termly basis before being presented to the full Corporation meeting.

The Risk Management policy and procedures classify risks on the basis of inherent risks, the residual risks following implementation of appropriate controls and also in relation to target risk levels. The target risk levels for each strategic risk were re-assessed by Governors in 2023/24, enabling the college’s risk management actions to be informed by, and measured against, the Corporation’s risk appetite.

Further plans to develop the risk management framework were initiated later in 2023/24 and are being taken forward in 2024/25. These focus on the role of Corporation committees in reviewing relevant strategic risks and upon further development of operational risk management.

The Executive Leadership Team also consider emerging risks that may impact upon the college and adopt separate risk registers for any major capital building projects. Outlined below is a list of the risks that the college has assessed as its key risks as at July 2024, summarised by risk theme. Not all the factors are within the college’s control.

* Funding
* People and Culture
* IT and Data Protection
* Estates and Facilities
* Health and Safety

Of these, the primary risk is considered to be in relation to funding. After intense lobbying the FE sector was allocated additional DfE funding for 2023/24 and 2024/25. This was aimed at helping colleges address key priorities of critical importance to the nation’s economic growth and prosperity. However, there is still a need to address broader 16-19 funding which is significantly lower than other phases of education.

## Key Performance Indicators

### Financial objectives

The college’s financial strategy 2023 to 2025 was developed to align and underpin the College’s existing Strategic Plan for 2022 to 2025. The Strategic Plan identified a number of strategic goals that needed to be progress by 2025 in order to deliver the college vision, one of the strategic goals being to deliver strong, sustainable financial performance.

This will be achieved by:

* Strong performance based on healthy reserves which provide agility when responding to the Volatile, Uncertain, Complex and Ambiguous (VUCA) environment we currently operate in.
* Sustainable performance through the economic, efficient, and effective deployment of physical and capital assets developing effective financial planning and monitoring and risk management.
* Developing capacity through sustainable growth ensuring investment returns are optimised.

In order to achieve this the following priorities were identified and met for the 2023/24 financial year

* Achieve an EBITDA of £4.1m (9.1% as a percentage of income) for 2023/24 and an ESFA Financial Health score of 220 points (“Good” grade).
* Increase total income by 2.6% for 2023/24 (to £48.0m). Driven primarily from increased ESFA 16-19 funding (through a combination of increased funding rates and rising student numbers).
* Maintain staff costs as a percentage of income at no more than 64.3% for 2023/24.

Priorities for the 2024/25 financial year are:

* Achieve an EBITDA of £3.8m (8.2% as a percentage of income and an ESFA Financial Health score of 210 points (“Good” grade).
* Increase total income by a further 2.9% (to £49.4m). This will be driven primarily from increased ESFA 16-19 funding (through a combination of increased funding rates and rising student numbers).
* Maintain staff costs as a percentage of income at no more than 67.4%.

### Contract performance

The College recruited 3,789 16-18 learners against an initial target of 3,512 subsequently increased to 3,641 following in year growth. The contract for 2024-25 was increased accordingly.

2023/24 outturn for the devolved Adult Education Budget contract was 99% (2022/23 99%). Performance against the non-devolved Adult Education budget was 100%.

## Single Equality, Diversity, Inclusiveness and Belonging Strategy

The college strives to embed all aspects of Equality and Diversity in everything we do. We pride ourselves on being a welcoming and inclusive college with a real commitment to continually raising awareness of equality and diversity matters and minimising discrimination and prejudice. Leaders, managers and tutors promote a culture where individual difference is celebrated, and diversity is understood as a valuable component to a harmonious society.

We are committed to providing a great place to work and study. Our Gender, Disability and Ethnicity pay gap report is produced both in line with our legal obligations under the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties and Public Authorities) Regulations 2017 and it’s our commitment to advancing equality of opportunity and ensuring fair treatment for the entirety of our workforce.

The Single Equality Strategy (SES) brings together our commitments to equality, diversity and inclusiveness, and our equality ambitions and plans across the organisation. It embraces all members of our college community and its objectives demonstrate our wholehearted commitment to continued action in tackling inequality and promoting diversity and inclusiveness. We will continue with our efforts to break down barriers and challenge unfairness, and ensure opportunities and experiences provided by the college help people and communities reach their full potential. The college efforts in this regard have been further enhanced in 2023/24 through its affiliation with the Black Leadership Group.

The college is committed to ensuring equality of opportunity for all who learn and work here. We respect and value positively differences in race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, religion or belief and age. We strive vigorously to remove conditions which place people at a disadvantage and we will actively combat bigotry. The Equality and Diversity policy is implemented and monitored on a planned basis and is published on the college website. The college undertakes equality impact assessments on all new policies and procedures. The college is committed to being an ‘Inclusive Employer’ and has committed to the principles of the inclusive employer framework.

The college is a ‘Disability confident’ employer and has committed to the principles and objectives of the Disability confident standard. The college considers all employment applications from disabled persons, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the individuals concerned, and guarantees an interview to any disabled applicant who meets the essential criteria for the post. Where an existing employee becomes disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment with the college continues. The college’s policy is to provide training, career development and opportunities for promotion which, as far as possible, provide identical opportunities to those of non-disabled employees.

As part of our commitment to supporting positive staff wellbeing, the college has signed the Mindful Employer Charter - a national initiative supporting employers to take a positive approach towards mental health at work. We are also signatories of key initiatives such as the Fair Work Charter, Disability Confident Employer, Dying to Work Charter, and the Care Leavers Charter. Wellbeing is a core focus of our quarterly learning and development days, which bring together over 500 colleagues to network, build skills, and attend workshops. Our events include wellbeing workshops, providing staff with opportunities to focus on their personal health and development alongside professional growth. All managers have completed mental health training, enabling them to support staff effectively, and our Employee Assistance Programme provides confidential support to all employees. Feedback on these initiatives has been positive, reflecting our ongoing commitment to fostering a healthy workplace culture.

## Pay Gap Reporting

The college publishes its gender pay gap report annually as part of our commitment to transparency and progress in promoting equity, fairness, and opportunity for all whilst working to remove barriers that cause disadvantage. Going further, we voluntarily report on our ethnicity and disability pay gaps, reflecting our dedication to fostering an inclusive workplace. Equality, diversity, and inclusion are central to our values and mission, and we remain focused on removing barriers and creating opportunities for all. Our report is published on our website: [www.kirkleescollege.ac.uk/policies-](http://www.kirkleescollege.ac.uk/policies-reports/) [reports/](http://www.kirkleescollege.ac.uk/policies-reports/)

## Trade Union facility time

The Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017 require the college to publish information on facility time arrangements for trade union officials at the college.

For the purpose of industrial relations, the college recognises UNISON and UCU working collectively together to resolve any employee related issues. Therefore, a number of the college’s employees also carry out Union duties as part of their role; the number of employees undertaking these roles are:

UCU: 6

UNISON: 1

Of the above, all 7 of these employees have spent 1-50% of their working hours on facility time. This can vary on a month by month basis depending on casework and/or college plans during that time. However, these hours would not go above the 50% mark.

During an academic year, UCU reps are allocated hours per individual. During this period UCU have spent 864 hours on facility time. These hours are used for anything Union related such as meetings, hearings, discussions etc. The hours set for remission are set at the beginning of the academic year and UCU ensure that they do not go beyond these hours.

Unison have spent 187.5 hours during this period plus 18 for Health and Safety. The hours used per month can vary throughout the year, therefore this may alter slightly as a year on year comparison. Again, these hours are used for anything Union related e.g. meetings, training, hearings or discussions.

The total percentage spent for paid trade union activities against the total pay bill amount equates to 0.09%. The total percentage of total paid facility time hours spent on paid Union activities equates to 8.42%.

### Going Concern

The College considers it as adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The financial assessment was made against the college’s Strategic Goal of ‘Strong, sustainable financial performance’. It modelled college income and expenditure for two years to 2025/26 and, in doing so, sought to be reasonable and prudent in identifying and taking account of potential risks and opportunities.

The College is increasing activity for 16-18 funded students and after consolidating the gains in recent years by retaining students in 2023-24 is on a continual trajectory of growth in this area. Indications, following a successful enrolment for 2024-25, are that assuming funding availability, the College is in line for in year growth funding. That notwithstanding, current 16-18 enrolments exceed the figure used in calculating financial performance moving into 2025-26 and beyond. This is in line with local demographic trends.

The majority of other funding lines are reasonably secure. Adult courses funded by West Yorkshire Combined Authority are at the same contractual level to the previous year and delivery of the contract is expected. Apprentice income remains steady.

Cash balances are planned to decrease from the current high level in part due to the receipt of capital funds. Balances remain sufficient throughout the year and forward to 2025-26.

The continuing challenge to the College’s financial position remains the constraint on further education funding, as well as inflationary pressure, whilst maintaining the fantastic student experience. This risk is mitigated in a number of ways.

* Rigorous business planning procedures and sensitivity analysis
* Meticulous in year monitoring with budget holders.
* Robust financial controls.
* Exploring available efficiencies via procurement.

As a result, The Corporation considers the College has adequate operational resources to continue existence in the foreseeable future.

The Corporation, having considered the financial assessment, has a reasonable expectation that the college has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future (being a period to the end of December 2025) and accordingly the going concern basis has been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.

### Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the college’s auditors are unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the college’s auditors are aware of that information.

### Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 12 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Signed

Mr G Hetherington, Chair Date 12 December 2024

# Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and financial statements of the college to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 (the “Relevant Period”) up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements (the “Approval Date”).

## Governance Code

The College Corporation endeavours to conduct its business:

1. In accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership); and
2. In full accordance with the guidance to colleges from the Association of Colleges in The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges (the “Code”). Details of reviews of Governance are below on page 29.

In carrying out its responsibilities, it takes full account of The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges issued by the Association of Colleges. The Corporation adopted the Code of Good Governance for English Colleges (the ‘Code’) on 1 August 2015 and adopted the revised version on 12 July 2019. In the opinion of the Governors, the College complies and/or exceeds all the provisions of the Code, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2024.

This opinion is based on an internal review of compliance with the Code reported to the board on 10 July 2024.

The Corporation’s People, Culture and Governance Committee (“PCG”) maintains an ongoing review of compliance with the Code.

In March 2024, the Corporation approved the adoption of the new AoC Code of Good Governance for 2024/25, as per the Committee’s recommendations. In order to close down monitoring against the current Code, a full review was undertaken to ensure that compliance had been maintained at an acceptable level and any evidence previously cited was current and up to date.

The review findings were considered by the Committee at its’ meeting in June 2024 where it was determined that practices had either improved or maintained their position over the past twelve months, with the exception of the following mandatory element:-

*The board must ensure all college policies, particularly safeguarding, are actively implemented in the subsidiaries, partnerships and subcontracting arrangements (7.9).*

As per the Committee’s recommendation, the Corporation subsequently agreed that this element would remain RAG rated Amber to allow time for the new policy suite to embed and be monitored by the People, Culture & Governance Committee (PCG).

Governors concluded that, subject to the above, throughout the year ended 31 July 2024, all other mandatory and advisory elements were satisfied and many were exceeded.

## The Corporation

The Corporation recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times. In carrying out its responsibilities, it takes full account of the Code, which it formally adopted on 1st August 2015, with the revised version of the Code adopted on 12 November 2021.

### The Governing Body

The members who served on the Corporation (the governing body) during the Relevant Period and up to the Approval Date were as listed below:

### Member: P Allison

Date of Appointment: 18 December 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 18 June 2027

Date of Resignation: 9 May 2024

Governor Category: Student

Committees Served: N/A

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 33%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 33%

### Member: Dr W Bailey

Date of Appointment: 15 July 2022

Current Term of Office Expires on: 14 July 2026

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: QPS

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 30%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 60%

### Member: R Blackburn

Date of Appointment: 7 July 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 6 July 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: CSC

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: Dr A Conn

Date of Appointment: 6 October 2017

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2025

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Audit, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: Dr J Daniels

Date of Appointment: 20 September 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 19 September 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: EDISG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: J Firth

Date of Appointment: 21 March 2024

Current Term of Office Expires on: 21 March 2028

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Audit

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: C George

Date of Appointment: 23 May 2014

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2025

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: F & R, PCG, QPS, Safe, EDISG, CSC

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 89%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: A Greaves

Date of Appointment: 12 November 2021

Current Term of Office Expires on: 11 November 2025

Date of Resignation: 25 August 2024

Governor Category: Staff

Committees Served: N/A

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 40%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 40%

### Member: D Harding

Date of Appointment: 15 July 2022

Current Term of Office Expires on: 14 July 2026

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: QPS, F&R, CSC, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 89%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 40%

### Member: G Hetherington

Date of Appointment: 15 May 2015

Current Term of Office Expires on: 25 March 2026

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: F&R, QPS, Safe, EDISG, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: E Highfield

Date of Appointment: 20 September 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 19 September 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: CSG, F&R

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: F Hussain Butt

Date of Appointment: 24 January 2020

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 27%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 20%

### Member: F Parvez

Date of Appointment: 25 March 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 24 March 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Safe

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: C Robinson

Date of Appointment: 16 July 2021

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2025

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: F&R, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: J Robinson

Date of Appointment: 16 July 2021

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2025

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Staff

Committees Served: F&R, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: P Singh

Date of Appointment: 7 June 2021

Current Term of Office Expires on: N/A

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Principal

Committees Served: F&R, QPS, EDISG, Safe, PCG

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: HM Smith

Date of Appointment: 23 October 2023

Current Term of Office Expires on: 23 October 2024

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Student

Committees Served: N/A

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 0%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 0%

### Member: I Wainwright

Date of Appointment: 1 December 2020

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2024

Date of Resignation: 31 March 2024

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Audit

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

Member: J Walters

Date of Appointment: 16 July 2021

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2025

Date of Resignation: N/A

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Audit

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 100%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 100%

### Member: Dr A Williams

Date of Appointment: 8 July 2016

Current Term of Office Expires on: 31 March 2024

Date of Resignation: 31 March 2024

Governor Category: Independent

Committees Served: Audit, PCG, QPS, Safe

% Board meeting attendance in 23-24: 88%

Overall attendance % in 23-24: 50%

Acronyms mean:

CSC: Curriculum Strategy Committee

F&R: Finance & Resources Committee

QPS: Quality, Performance & Standards Committee

PCG: People, Culture & Governance Committee

Safe: Safeguarding Committee

EDISG: Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategic Group

## The Governing Body (continued)

From 16 December 2023, C Tague acted as Clerk to the Committee, prior to this the role was previously held by J Green.

The following persons whilst not being full members of the Governing Body, served as co-opted Committee members:

### Member: J Firth

Date of Appointment: 2 October 2023

Term of Office Expires: 1 October 2027

Date of Resignation: Approved as Independent Governor on 16 December 2024

Status of Appointment: CSC, Audit Committee

Attendance 2023/24: 100%

Total Service to 31 July 2024: N/A

### Member: D Milton

Date of Appointment: 29 June 2023

Term of Office Expires: 28 June 2027

Date of Resignation: N/A

Status of Appointment: Finance Committee

Attendance 2023/24: 67%

Total Service to 31 July 2024: 1 year

### Member: M Pearmain

Date of Appointment: 15 May 2015

Term of Office Expires: 31 July 2027

Date of Resignation: 10 October 2024 (outside the relevant period but included for information)

Status of Appointment: Audit Committee

Attendance 2023/24: 100%

Total Service to 31 July 2024: 9 years

Expenses claimed from 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 by 4 Corporation Governors totalled £598 (£70 in 2022/23 from 3 Governors).

## The governance framework

It is the Corporation’s responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the college, together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel-related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues. The Corporation meets half-termly.

The Corporation conducts its business through a number of committees: Audit, Curriculum Strategy, Finance & Resources, Quality, Performance & Standards, People, Culture & Governance, and Safeguarding. Each has terms of reference which are reviewed and approved by the Corporation annually. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Corporation, are available from the Director of Governance & Compliance at the college’s registered address or, alternatively, on the college’s website.

In addition, the Corporation Chair, the Principal and the Director of Governance & Compliance frequently attend triumvirate meetings, known as ‘CCP’ meetings and Governors attend and/or are members of certain operational and strategic working and task & finish groups, specifically:

* Health & Safety Committee;
* Higher Education & Skills Committee; and
* Equality, Diversity & Inclusion Strategic Group.

The Director of Governance & Compliance maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the Governors. The register is available for inspection on request.

All Governors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the college’s expense and have access to the Director of Governance, who is responsible to the Corporation for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Director of Governance & Compliance as Clerk to the Corporation are matters for the Corporation as a whole.

## The governance framework (continued)

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to Governors in a timely manner, prior to meetings. Briefings are provided on an ad-hoc basis.

The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair and Accounting Officer are separate.

### Appointments to the Governing Body

Any new appointments to the Corporation are a matter for the consideration of the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation has a People, Culture and Governance Committee; this has a membership of between five and eight members, a majority of whom are committee chairs. It is responsible for the selection and nomination of any new Independent Governor for the Corporation’s consideration, as well as for advising the Corporation on its governance arrangements.

Members of the Corporation are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years. On the expiry of their term of office, Governors are eligible for re-appointment, subject to a review of their performance. It is regarded as exceptional for any individual to serve more than two consecutive terms of office (or 8 years), unless subsequently undertaking a new and more senior role, for example as chair of a committee, or as chair or vice chair of the Corporation.

### Corporation performance

The Corporation carried out a self-assessment of its own performance for the year ended 31 July 2024 and, having considered a range of assurance sources, graded itself as “Good” on the Ofsted scale.

In February 2022, the Corporation considered the findings of an external review of governance carried out by consultants from The Governance Forum. This considered the overall effectiveness of governance, including the impact of board behaviours. Its recommendations were reported to a full meeting of the Corporation and informed an action plan to strengthen governance culture, policies and practices (available on the college website www.kirkleescollege.ac.uk).

Progress against the action plan has been monitored by the People, Culture and Governance Committee throughout the Relevant Period and reported to the Corporation accordingly.

As previously outlined, the Corporation are assured that there is a high level of assurance in respect of compliance with the Code of Good Governance for English Colleges and have agreed that the current position be reported as ‘Compliant’ in this respect.

### Activities Undertaken to Develop Governors and the Clerk

All new Governors undertake induction training on joining the Corporation, which includes briefings from members of the senior leadership team. New Governors also attend online Association of Colleges Induction webinars. In May 2024, Governors received an internal training on safeguarding, which touched on the college local context as well as their duties under legislation. Members of the Audit Committee attended a risk management training session facilitated by RSM UK Risk Assurance Services LLP. Other Governor training included an introduction to trauma informed practice, Prevent training, and the FE Finance Virtual Masterclass with Andrew Tyley, while committee chairs attended committee chairs network meetings.

A summary of Governors’ training activities is outlined below and the full training record is available on request from the Director of Governance:

* + Chairs of the Future (ETF)
	+ Joint Chairs and Principals meeting (AoC)
	+ Yorks & Humber Principals and Chairs Forum
	+ Finance & Audit Committee Chairs' Network (AoC)
	+ Beacon Award Assessors' Conversation
	+ DfE Annual Strategic Conversation
	+ Introduction to college finance for governors (AoC)
	+ Interpreting College management accounts (AoC)
	+ Funding and Data (AoC)
	+ Financial health grades & FEC financial benchmarks (AoC)
	+ Managing cash (AoC)
	+ AoC Governor Induction (AoC)
	+ Governor WRAP Prevent Workshop (Kirklees Council)
	+ College Financial Handbook 2024 Webinar (RSM)
	+ Data Protection/GDPR (Safesmart, St Paul’s Trust)
	+ Safeguarding & Prevent (Safesmart, St Paul’s Trust)
	+ EDI (Safesmart, St Paul’s Trust)
	+ Safer Recruitment (Education) (Safesmart, St Paul’s Trust)
	+ New Governor Induction including Safeguarding (Kirklees College)
	+ Risk management & financial benchmarking (Kirklees College)
	+ Introduction to Trauma Informed Practice (Kirklees College)
	+ Safeguarding for Governors (Kirklees College)
	+ Risk management & financial benchmarking (Kirklees College)
	+ Introduction to Trauma Informed Practice (Kirklees College)
	+ Audit / ELT Risk Management session (RSM / Kirklees College)
	+ Construction & land-based PMR (Kirklees College)

The current Director of Governance and Compliance holds a degree in Education and Training, the IoD Award for Further Education Governance Professionals (Award FEGP) and has almost 20 years’ experience working in governance roles. During the Relevant Period, the Director of Governance & Compliance attended the Association of Colleges Governance Professionals' Conference 2024, the DfE sponsored Just One More Thing, People and Culture event, meetings of the Yorkshire & Humber Governance Professionals network and has undertaken and taken part in a number of the Education & Training Foundation’s professional development and governance training programmes.

The Director of Governance and Compliance also completed the Certified GDPR Foundation and Data Protection Officer (C-DPO) qualifications during the relevant period.

### Corporation Committees

**The People Culture & Governance (“PCG”) Committee**

During the year ending 31 July 2024, the PCG Committee comprised:

* Dr A Conn
* C George
* G Hetherington
* D Harding (from 29/04/24)
* F Hussain Butt
* C Robinson
* Dr A Williams (up to 31/03/24)

The PCG Committee’s broad responsibilities include monitoring senior post holder performance and making recommendations to the Corporation on the remuneration of the Accounting Officer and other senior post holders.

While the Principal Mr P Singh and the Corporation Chair Mr G Hetherington are members of the People, Culture & Governance Committee, all and any discussions concerning senior post holder performance and pay are chaired by the Committee vice chair Dr A Conn and the Committee’s terms of reference provide that the Principal may not in any circumstances count in quorum or vote during discussions regarding senior postholder remuneration and will under all circumstances leave the meeting before any discussion of his own remuneration or any staff matters concerning him. This is strictly observed by the Committee.

The Corporation adopted the Association of Colleges Senior Post Holder Remuneration Code on 12 July 2019. Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2024 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

### Audit Committee

The Audit committee comprises four Governors (excluding the Accounting Officer, Chair and Staff Governors) and one co-opted member. During the Relevant Period it had four Governor members and two co-opted members; one Governor member has left the Committee and one of the co-optees was appointed as an independent governor.

The Audit Committee meets at least on a termly basis and provides a forum for reporting by the college’s internal auditors, reporting accountants and financial statements auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion without the presence of college management. The Committee also receives and considers reports from the main FE funding bodies as they affect the college’s business.

The college’s internal auditors review the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit committee.

Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal audit undertakes periodic follow-up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit committee also advises the Corporation on the appointment of internal auditors, reporting accountants and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work as well as reporting annually to the Corporation.

The Audit sub-committee met four times in the year to 31 July 2024. The members of the Committee and their attendance records are shown below:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Committee member** | **Meetings attended/possible attendances** |
| Dr A Conn | 4 / 4 |
| J Firth | 4 / 4 |
| D Harding | 2 / 2 |
| Mr M Pearmain | 4 / 4 |
| Mr I Wainwright | 2 / 2 |
| Ms J Walters | 4 / 4 |

### Finance and Resources Committee

The Finance and Resources Committee comprises between five and eight members of whom one is the college Principal, as well as one co-opted member with relevant experience.

The Committee’s purpose is to determine and advise the Governing Body on all financial matters, in particular matters of budget monitoring and setting and recommendations for capital investment; as well as on financial strategy, the estate strategy, and sustainability.

The Finance and Resources Committee meets at least once each term and as required.

### Curriculum Strategy Committee

During the Relevant Period, the Corporation determined that a dedicated group of Governors could have a positive impact on curriculum design and delivery and established the Curriculum Strategy Committee. The Committee comprises between four and nine members who include the Principal and at least 2 members of the Quality, Performance & Standards sub-committee.

The Committee’s purpose is to have oversight of curriculum intent, implementation and impact, of how well the College engages with stakeholders, and of how well the curriculum and the education and training provided meets local needs.

The Committee met on four occasions in the year to 31 July 2024.

### Quality, Performance and Standards Committee

The Quality, Performance & Standards sub-committee comprises at least five members and no more than 50% of Governors from time to time, one being the college Principal.

The Committee’s purpose is to have oversight of and monitor strategic objectives related to quality performance and standards, to advise the Corporation on the setting of student targets, and to monitor on behalf of the Corporation the college’s quality and the contribution and impact of student and other support functions on the learner experience.

The Committee met on five occasions in the year 31 July 2024, which included meeting as the College’s Self-Assessment Report (SAR) Validation Panel in December 2023.

### Safeguarding Committee

The Safeguarding Committee comprises three to five members. It meets once a term, with the object of supporting the nominated Link Governor for Safeguarding in providing assurance to the Corporation on compliance with safeguarding legislation and guidance.

## Internal Responsibility

### Scope of Responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the college’s system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Corporation has delegated to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, the day-to-day responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the college’s policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which he is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to him in the Financial Agreement between the college and the funding body and the OfS registration conditions. He is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weaknesses or break-downs in internal control.

Following the reclassification to the central government sector with effect from 29 November 2022 Financial Regulations and other procedures and processes have been updated to identify transactions for which DfE approval is required.

### The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of college policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place at Kirklees College for the year ended 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

### Capacity to Handle Risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the college is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls and arrangements for compliance with legal and regulatory matters including those relating to the regularity and propriety of the use of public funding have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the college’s significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

### The Risk and Control Framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

* Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Corporation;
* Regular reviews by the Corporation of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
* Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
* Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines; and
* The adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

Kirklees College has an internal audit service which operates in accordance with the requirements of the ESFA’s Post-16 Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the college is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. The internal audit service regularly provides the Audit Committee with progress reports on internal audit activity in the college. The reports include the internal audit service’s independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the college’s system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

In addition to the report produced by the internal auditors, the Audit Committee also produces for the Corporation an annual audit report. The purpose of this report is to advise the Corporation on the Committee’s views on the adequacy of the college’s systems and arrangements for risk management and governance processes.

### Risks faced by the Corporation

The following key principles outline the college’s approach to risk management and control:

* The Corporation has responsibility for overseeing risk management within the college as a whole;
* An open and receptive approach to solving risk problems is adopted by the Executive Leadership Team and Corporation;
* The Principal and the Executive Leadership Team propose, support and implement policies approved by the Corporation;
* The college makes conservative and prudent recognition and disclosure of the financial and non- financial implications of risks;
* Senior and middle managers are responsible for encouraging good risk management practice within their designated areas.

The college’s risk management framework is discharged through the College Strategic Risk Register, which is owned and monitored by the Risk Management Group (Executive Leadership Team and Director of Governance and Compliance). It is developed in collaboration with the Governors and college managers based on the College's Strategic Plan and includes key risks to the achievement of its strategic aims.

Each college risk has a risk ‘owner’ who is responsible for the evaluation of the risk, the controls in place to manage the risk and the actions required to bring the risk level to the target level. These assessments are subject to scrutiny and challenge by the Risk Management Group, before being presented to audit committee for further scrutiny and challenge. The corporation receives a summary of the position on a termly basis.

The college has identified and evaluated 13 strategic risks. Those scoring a medium or high level of residual risk (with a score of 12 or more) have been disclosed in the strategic report on page 18.

### Internal Audit

The internal audit service opinion for 2023/24 was:

“We are satisfied that sufficient internal audit work has been undertaken to allow us to draw a conclusion as to the adequacy and effectiveness of the College’s risk management, control and governance processes.

In our opinion, Kirklees College did have adequate and effective risk management, control and governance processes to manage its achievement of the College’s objectives at the time of our audit work. In our opinion, the College has proper arrangements to promote and secure value for money.

Our fieldwork was carried out between November 2023 and July 2024, and we have also undertaken a subcontractor controls review which was out with the annual plan.”

The internal audit service undertook seven reviews during the year. They were:

ICT Cyber Maturity Assessment, Staff Recruitment, Student Recruitment, Health and Safety, Estates, Funding Review (Bursary) and a Follow Up Review. No high priority recommendations were identified. Where lower priority recommendations were made, these are progressed and reported to each Audit Committee meeting until they are implemented.

None of these audits resulted in a ‘Weak’ assurance opinion. The Student Recruitment, Funding Review (Bursary) and the Follow Up Review resulted in ‘Strong’ assurance opinions. The Estates, Health and Safety and the ICT Cyber Maturity Assessment resulted in ‘Substantial’ assurance opinions. Staff Recruitment was an advisory review and, as such, there was no assurance conclusion.

### Responsibilities under accountability agreements and the Office for Students conditions of registration

The Corporation keeps under review compliance with ESFA and other grant funding agreements and contracts ensuring that funding is used for the purposes given or generated. The Corporation also receives reports on specific conditions of grants such as the FE Capital grant. The Corporation ensures that the college makes key returns to the ESFA accurately and on time.

The corporation believes its obligations have been fully discharged during 2023/24. This has been monitored through the framework of established reporting to the corporation and/or its sub- committees and through the establishment and implementation of robust financial regulations.

The Department for Education and Education and Skills Funding Agency introduced new controls for the college on 29 November 2022 on the day that the Office for National Statistics reclassified colleges as public sector organisations in the national accounts. The ESFA chief executive communicated these changes to all college accounting officers and these have now been reflected in the College financial Handbook in 2024, which has the effective date of 1 August 2024. The college has reviewed its policies, procedures and approval processes in line with these new requirements.

### Statement from the audit committee

The audit committee has advised the board of governors that the Corporation has an effective framework for governance and risk management in place. The audit committee believes the Corporation has effective internal controls in place.

The specific areas of work undertaken by the audit committee in 2023/24 and up to the date of the approval of the financial statements were:

* + Consideration of Internal Audit service plan and reports;
	+ Consideration of External financial statements plan and reports, including supporting papers;
	+ Consideration of External subcontract audit report;
	+ Regular monitoring of progress against audit report recommendations;
	+ Oversight and challenge of management assessment of risk in the strategic risk register;
	+ Consideration of recommended changes to the Whistleblowing framework;
	+ Self-assessment of committee performance.

All the planned work had been carried out and completed in line with the original plan.

### Review of Effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. His review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

* The work of the internal auditors;
* The work of the executive managers within the college who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
* Comments made by the college’s financial statements and regularity auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Accounting Officer has been advised on the implications of the result of his review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Audit Committee, which oversees the work of the internal auditor and other sources of assurance, and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Executive Leadership Team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the Directorates and reinforced by risk awareness training. The Executive Leadership Team and the Audit Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit and other sources of assurance, which include recommendations for improvement.

The Audit Committee’s role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Corporation’s agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the Executive Leadership Team. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception.

At its December 2024 meeting, the Corporation carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2024 by considering documentation from the Executive Leadership Team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2024.

Based on the advice of the Audit Committee and the Principal, the Corporation is of the opinion that the college has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for *“the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets.*”

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation on 12 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

**Signed: Mr G Hetherington, Chair**



**Signed: Mr P Singh, Accounting Officer**



# Statement on the College Regularity, Propriety and Compliance

As accounting officer I confirm that the corporation has had due regard to the framework of authorities governing regularity, priority and compliance, and the requirements of the college’s accountability agreement, funding agreements and contracts with ESFA and DfE, and has considered its responsibility to notify ESFA of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with those authorities and terms and conditions of funding.

I confirm on behalf of the corporation that after due enquiry, and to the best of my knowledge, I am able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the corporation, or material non- compliance with the framework of authorities and the terms and conditions of funding under the college’s accountability agreement, funding agreements and contracts with ESFA and DfE, or any other public funder. This includes the elements outlined in the “Dear accounting officer” letter of 29 November 2022 and ESFA’s bite size guides.

I confirm that the following instances of material irregularity, impropriety, funding non-compliance, or non-compliance with the framework of authorities have been discovered and have been notified to ESFA. If any further instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to ESFA:

### Matters arising

During the financial year ended 31 July 2024 the college made a non-contractual termination payment to an employee in excess of the delegated authority given to the college under the ESFA’s bite-size guide “college requirements for special payments, including severance, compensation and ex-gratia payments”. The amount of the non-contractual special payment that required prior ESFA consent was £3,985, which was greater than the equivalent to 3 months gross salary, when including legal fees paid. The college acted in good faith in this matter, supported by legal advice, having not understood the ESFA’s guide to include legal fees.

**Signed**



**Mr P Singh, Accounting officer**

Date 12 December 2024

### Statement of the Chair of governors

On behalf of the corporation, I confirm that the accounting officer has discussed their statement of regularity, propriety and compliance with the board and that I am content that it is materially accurate.

**Signed**



**Mr G Hetherington, Chair of governors**

Date 12 December 2024

# Statement of Responsibilities of the Members of the Corporation

The members of the corporation are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year. Within the terms and conditions of the corporation’s accountability agreement, funding agreements and contracts with ESFA, OfS and West Yorkshire Combined Authority, the corporation is required to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial performance and position of the corporation for the relevant period. Corporations must also prepare a strategic report which includes an operating and financial review for the year. The bases for the preparation of the financial statements and strategic report are the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education, ESFA’s College Accounts Direction, Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students and the UK’s Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. In preparing the financial statements, the corporation is required to:

* select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
* make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
* state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
* assess whether the corporation is a going concern, noting the key supporting assumptions, qualifications or mitigating actions, as appropriate (which must be consistent with other disclosures in the financial statements and auditor’s report)
* prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the corporation will continue in operation

The corporation is also required to prepare a strategic report, in accordance with paragraphs 3.23 to

3.27 of the F&HE SORP, that describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including information about the legal and administrative status of the corporation.

The corporation is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the corporation and which enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with relevant legislation including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and Charities Act 2011, and relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it to safeguard its assets and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The corporation is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of its website; the work carried out by auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the corporation are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition, they are responsible for ensuring that funds from ESFA, and any other public funds, are used only in accordance with ESFA’s accountability agreement, funding agreements and contracts and any other conditions, that may be prescribed from time to time by ESFA, or any other public funder, including that any transactions entered into by the corporation are within the delegated authorities set out in the “Dear accounting officer” letter of 29 November 2022 and ESFA’s bite size guides. Members of the corporation must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public and other funds and ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the corporation are responsible for securing economic, efficient and effective management of the corporation’s resources and expenditure so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds from ESFA and other public bodies are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation on 12 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

**Signed**

**Mr G Hetherington, Chair of Governors**



**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Kirklees College (the “College”) for the year ended 31 July 2024 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in reserves, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 “The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland” (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the financial statements:

* give a true and fair view of the state of the College’s affairs as at 31 July 2024 and of the College’s surplus of income over expenditure for the year then ended;
* have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
* have been prepared in accordance with the Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the college in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC’s Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the governors’ use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the college’s ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the governors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report and Financial Statements other than the financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon. The governors are responsible for the other information contained within the Report and Financial Statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Office for Students’ Accounts Direction

In our opinion, in all material respects:

* funds from whatever source administered by the college for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation;
* funds provided by the Office for Students, UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions; and
* the requirements of the Office for Students’ accounts direction for the relevant year’s financial statements have been met.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

* adequate accounting records have not been kept;
* the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
* we have not received all the information and explanations required for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Office for Students’ accounts direction requires us to report to you if:

* the College’s grant and fee income, as disclosed in the note 2 to the financial statements, has been materially misstated.
* the College’s expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year has been materially misstated.

### Responsibilities of the Corporation of Kirklees College

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Corporation’s Responsibilities set out on page 40 the Corporation is responsible for the preparation of financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Corporation determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is responsible for assessing the College’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Corporation either intend to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

* obtained an understanding of the nature of the sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the College operates in and how the college are complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
* inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
* discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, Further and Higher Education SORP, the College Accounts Direction published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, and Regulatory Advice 9: Accounts Direction published by the Office for Students’. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures.

The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are those which are in relation to the Education Inspection Framework under the Education and Inspections Act 2006, Keeping Children Safe in Education under the Education Act 2002 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018. We performed audit procedures to inquire of management whether the college is in compliance with these laws and regulations and inspected correspondence with licensing or regulatory authorities in order to draw a conclusion.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls and revenue recognition as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments and estimates and performing tests of detail on a sample of revenue transactions together with performing a review of the appropriate application of the College’s revenue recognition policy.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council’s website. This description forms part of our auditor’s report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Corporation, as a body, in accordance with the Funding Agreement published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency and our engagement letter dated 6 August 2024. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Corporation, as a body, those matters we are engaged to state to them in an auditor’s report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



RSM UK AUDIT LLP Chartered Accountants

Two Humber Quays Wellington Street West Hull

HU1 2BN

13 December 24

## Statement of Comprehensive Income

### Income

Funding Body Grants

Note: 2

2024: £42,980,000

2023: £40,266,000

Tuition Fees and Education Grants

Note: 3

2024: £3,386,000

2023: £3,894,000

Other grants and contracts

Note: 4

2024: £459,000

2023: £236,000

Other income

Note: 5

2024: £2,131,000

2023: £1,917,000

Investment Income

Note: 6

2024: £411,000

2023: £1,000

Total income

2024: 49,367

2023: 46,314

### Expenditure

Staff costs

Note: 8

2024: £28,384,000

2023: £27,997,000

Other operating expenses

Note: 9

2024: £12,607,000

2023: £13,012,000

Depreciation

Note: 12

2024: £3,778,000

2023: £4,657,000

Interest and other finance costs

Note: 10

2024: £723,000

2023: £882,000

Total expenditure

2024: £45,492,000

2023: £46,548,000

### Surplus/(Deficit) before other gains and losses and tax

2024: £3,875,000

2023: (£234,000)

### Profit on Disposal of Assets

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

### Surplus/(Deficit) before taxation

2024: £3,875,000

2023: (£234,000)

### Taxation

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

### Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

2024: £3,875,000

2023: (£234,000)

### Re-measurement of net defined benefit pension scheme

Note: 22

2024: (£376,000)

2023: £5,366,000

### Other comprehensive income for the year

2024: (£376,000)

2023: £5,366,000

Total Comprehensive Income for the year and attributable to the corporation

2024: £3,499,000

2023: £5,132,000

All activities are continuing activities.

The accompanying notes and accounting policies on pages 49 to 76 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## Balance Sheet as at 31 July

### Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets

Note: 12

2024: £91,657,000

2023: £92,661,000

Investments

Note:13

2024: £42,000

2023: £39,000

Total

2024: £91,699,000

2023: £92,700,000

### Current assets

Stocks

2024: £42,000

2023: £16,000

Trade and other receivables

Note: 14

2024: £2,269,000

2023: £5,090,000

Cash at bank and in hand

Note:19

2024: £17,667

2023: £13,422,000

Total

2024: £19,978,000

2023: £18,528,000

### Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year

Note: 15

2024: (£10,210,000)

2023: (£15,088,000)

Net current assets

2024: £9,768,000

2023: £3,440,000

### Total assets less current liabilities

2024: £101,467,000

2023: £96,140,000

### Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year

Note: 16

2024: (£66,669,000)

2023: (£64,760,000)

### Provisions for liabilities

Defined benefit pension scheme 22 - -

Other provisions 18 (1,153) (1,234)

Total net assets 33,645 30,146

### Reserves

Unrestricted reserves

Income and expenditure reserve

2024: £33,590,000

2023: £30,093,000

Total unrestricted reserves and attributable to the

Corporation

2024: £33,590,0000

2023: £30,093,000

Restricted reserve

2024: £55,000

2023: £53,000

Total reserves

2024: £33,645,000

2023: £30,146,00

The accompanying notes and accounting policies on pages 49 to 76 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 45 to 76 were approved and authorised for issue by the Corporation on 12 December 2024 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

**Mr. G Hetherington, Chair**



**Mr P Singh, Accounting Officer**



# Statement of Changes in Reserves

**Balance at 1 August 2022**

Income and Expenditure reserve: £24,958,000

Restricted reserve: £56,000

Total: £25,014,000

### Deficit from the income and expenditure account

Income and Expenditure reserve: (£231,000)

Restricted reserve: (£3,000)

Total: (£234,000)

### Other comprehensive income

Income and Expenditure reserve: £5,366,000

Restricted reserve: N/A

Total: £5,366,000

### Balance at 31 July 2023

Income and Expenditure reserve: £30,093,000

Restricted reserve: £53,000

Total: £30,146,000

### Surplus from the income and expenditure account

Income and Expenditure reserve: £3,873,000

Restricted reserve: £2,000

Total: £3,875,000

### Other comprehensive income

Income and Expenditure reserve: (£376,000)

Restricted reserve: N/A

Total: (£376,000)

### Balance at 31 July 2024

Income and Expenditure reserve: £33,590,000

Restricted reserve: £55,000

Total: £33,645,0000

The accompanying notes and accounting policies on pages 49 to 76 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Cash Flows

### Cash inflow from operating activities

Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

2024: £3,875,000

2023: (£234,000

### Adjustment for non-cash items

Depreciation

Note: 12

2024: £3,778,000

2023: £4,657,000

Decrease in stocks

2024: (£26,000)

2023: (£1,000)

Decrease/(Increase) in debtors

2024: £2,821,000

2023: (£2,659,000)

Actuarial movement on Enhanced Pension Provision

2024: £10,000

2023: (£96,000)

(Decrease)/Increase in creditors due within one year

2024: (£4,862,000)

2023: £4,966,000

(Decrease) in creditors due after one year

2024: £2,829,000

2023: £590,000

Decrease in provisions

2024: (£91,000)

2023: (£94,000)

Pension costs less contributions payable

Note: 22

2024: (£376,000)

2023: (£1,144,000)

Donations

Note: 7

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

### Adjustment for investing or financing activities

Interest payable:

2024: £723,000

2023: £769,000

Interest receivable

2024: (£335,000)

2023: (£1,000)

### Net cash flow from operating activities

2024: £8,324,000

2023: £7,863,000

### Cash flows from investing activities

Payments to acquire fixed assets

Note: 12

2024: (£2,774,000)

2023: (£3,054,000)

### Cash flows from financing activities

Interest paid

2024: (£784,000)

2023: (£827,000)

Interest received

2024: £335,000

2023: £1,000

Repayments of amounts borrowed

2024: (£8,76,000)

2023: (£833,000)

### Increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year

2024: £4,245,000

2023: £3,150,00

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year

Note: 19

2024: £13.,422,000

2023: £10,272,000

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

Note: 19

2024: £17,667,000

2023: £10,272,000

The accompanying notes and accounting policies on pages 49 to 76 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 1a Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation including going concern assumption

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Statement of Recommended Practice:* Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (the 2019 F&HE SORP), the College Accounts Direction for 2023 to 2024, Regulatory Advice 9: Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 – “The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland” (FRS 102). The college is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the college's accounting policies.

#### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern

The activities of the college, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Strategic Report. The financial position of the college, its cashflow, liquidity and borrowings are presented in the Financial Statements and accompanying Notes.

The College considers it as adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The College is increasing activity for 16-18 funded students and after consolidating the gains in recent years by retaining students in 2023-24 is on a continual trajectory of growth in this area. Indications, following a successful enrolment for 2024-25, are that assuming funding availability, the College is in line for in year growth funding. That notwithstanding, current 16-18 enrolments exceed the figure used in calculating financial performance moving into 2025-26 and beyond. This is in line with local demographic trends.

The majority of other funding lines are reasonably secure. Adult courses funded by West Yorkshire Combined Authority are at the same contractual level to the previous year and delivery of the contract is expected. Apprentice income remains steady

Cash balances are planned to decrease from the current high level in part due to the receipt of capital funds. Balances remain sufficient throughout the year and forward to 2025-26.

The Corporation, having considered the financial assessment, has a reasonable expectation that the college has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future (being a period to the end of December 2025) and accordingly the going concern basis has been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.

#### Recognition of income

Government revenue grants include funding body recurrent grants and other grants and are accounted for under the accruals method as permitted by FRS 102. Funding body recurrent grants are measured in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under achievement for the Adult Education Budget is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year end reconciliation process with the funding body following the year end, and the results of any funding audits. 16-18 funding is not subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments.

The recurrent grant from OfS represents the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and is credited direct to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Restructuring Fund grant was recognised in the 2018/19 financial statements when the initial performance conditions were met. An element of the grant could be repayable, with the identification of any overperformance being subject to a number of adjustments. The total maximum repayable under the terms of the agreement is £1.3m, for which full provision has been made in these accounts

Grants (including research grants) from non-government sources are recognised in income when the college is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Capital grant funding

Government capital grants for buildings and equipment are capitalised, held as deferred income and recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset, under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Government capital grants for land and other capital grants are recognised in income when the college is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met. Income received in advance of performance conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the Balance Sheet and released to income as conditions are met.

Fee Income

Income from tuition fees is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and is recognised in the period for which it is received.

Donations

Income from donations is recognised as follows:

* Land and buildings is recognised at market value as assessed by an independent valuer.
* New equipment is recognised at the new retail price (net) or the value of the supply.
* Used equipment is recognised at the book value on transfer.
* Where equipment has been provided at a material discount as part of a contribution to a project, the amount of discount received (net) is treated as a donation.

All other income and income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned on a receivable basis.

#### Accounting for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits to employees of the college are principally provided by the Teachers’ Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit plans, which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension.

Teachers’ Pension Scheme (TPS)

The TPS is an unfunded scheme. Contributions to the TPS are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees’ working lives with the college in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of valuations using a prospective benefit method.

The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution plan and the contributions recognised as an expense in the income statement in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

West Yorkshire Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The LGPS is a funded scheme. The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing fair values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit credit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in interest and other finance costs. Re-measurement comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling and the return on scheme assets (excluding amounts include in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. The LGPS assets are managed by the scheme trustees at scheme level, and the determination / allocation of assets to each individual employer in the scheme is managed by the scheme actuary. The assets are allocated to each employer for accounting purposes based on the valuation of the assets at the latest triennial valuation as adjusted for subsequent contributions received from the employer, asset returns and benefit payments made (either on a cash basis or actuarial basis).

The retirement benefit obligation recognised represents the deficit or surplus in the defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

#### Short term Employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the college. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the college expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

#### Enhanced Pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced on-going pension to a former member of staff is paid by the college annually. An estimate of the expected future cost of any enhancement to the on-going pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the college’s income in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years, a charge is made to provisions in the balance sheet.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the F&HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Land and buildings

Freehold land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an infinite useful life. Freehold buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their expected useful lives as follows:

* New and acquired buildings 50 years
* Refurbishments 10 years

Where part of a fixed asset has different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of fixed assets. This includes mechanical and electrical equipment purchased as part of a new build programme. These assets are depreciated over 10 years.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants, they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred income account within creditors, and are released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a systematic basis consistent with the depreciation policy. The deferred income is allocated between creditors due within one year and those due after more than one year.

Finance costs that are directly attributable to the construction of land and buildings are not capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of any fixed asset may not be recoverable.

On adoption of FRS 102, the college followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings, which were revalued in 2013 as deemed cost but not to adopt a policy of revaluations of these properties in the future.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects’ certificates and other direct costs, incurred to 31 July. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Subsequent expenditure on existing fixed assets

Where significant expenditure is incurred on tangible fixed assets it is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period it is incurred, unless it increases the future benefits to the college, in which case it is capitalised and depreciated on the relevant basis.

Donation of tangible fixed assets

Where donated goods are a tangible fixed asset, it is measured at fair value.

The gain is recognised as income in the statement of comprehensive income and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the college accounting policies.

#### Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item (excluding IT equipment purchased in bulk) is written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over its useful economic life as follows:

Motor vehicles and general equipment: 15% per annum

Computer equipment: 33⅓ % per annum

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants, it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the related grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

**Impairments of fixed assets**

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, are recognised as impairment losses. All impairment losses are recognised in comprehensive income.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in comprehensive income. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset’s revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

### Financial Instruments

The college has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in full in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the college becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument’s contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument’s legal form.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets measured at fair value through the profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. A financial asset or financial liability that is payable or receivable within one year is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be received or paid net of impairment, unless it is a financing transaction.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset only when there is a current legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the intention is to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Financial Instruments

Investments

Listed investments held as non-current assets and current asset investments, are stated at fair value, with movements recognised in Comprehensive Income.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Taxation

The college is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK Corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the college is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The college is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover typically less than 1% of the VAT charged on its inputs. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

#### Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when

* the college has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event
* it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation, and
* a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income in the period it arises.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the college a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the college. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the balance sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Agency arrangements

The college acts as an agent in the collection and payment of learner support funds, bursary funds and employer apprenticeship incentives. Related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the Income and Expenditure of the college where the college is exposed to minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

Income and expenditure related to subcontracted activity is reflected gross in the financial statements on the basis that it controls this activity and bears a significant element of the related risk.

#### Restricted reserves

The college administers a number of small trust funds that have been established for the benefit of the students of the college. The assets of the funds are held in cash and investments on the college balance sheet with the corresponding liability being held in restricted reserves.

## 1b Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following:

#### Judgements:

* Determine whether leases entered into by the college either as a lessor or a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.
* The college signed a 125 year lease at a peppercorn rent with Kirklees Council for Pioneer House in Dewsbury in June 2019 and refurbished the building throughout 2019/20 and 2020/21. Management have determined that there is ‘right to use’ asset that should be recorded in the financial statements to reflect the benefit to the college of holding this lease.
* Determining the existence of a minimum funding requirement for the Local Government Pension Scheme to including in the asset ceiling in measuring and recognising a surplus in the scheme. This judgement is based on an assessment of the nature of the scheme as a statutory scheme and is the inherent implied continuance and the operation of the primary and secondary contributions.

#### Estimation Uncertainties

* Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.
* The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit obligation depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 22, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2022 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions obligation at 31 July 2024. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension obligation.
* The fair value of the LEP overage obligation held on the balance sheet as a ‘loan’ has been determined based on a discount rate from the actual cost of a commercial loan in 2014. Given that the Bank of England base rate did not change between 2014 and 2016 when the LEP grant was received, it is considered to be a reasonable estimate of what a commercial loan would have cost if drawn at that time.

The Members of the Corporation have assessed the fair value of this right to use asset based on independent expert advice and this fair value represents a conservative assessment based on the range of values and the options available.

## 2. Funding council grants

### Recurrent Grants

Education and Skills Funding Agency 16 – 18

2024: £22,596,000

2023: £19,357,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency 16 – 18 high needs

2024: £3,000,000

2023: £3,000,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Adults

2024: £346,000

2023: £326,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Apprenticeships

2024: £5,551,000

2023: £5,421,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Other

2024: £3,000

2023: £50,000

West Yorkshire Combined Authority – Adults

2024: £8,158,000

2023: £8,357,000

West Yorkshire Combined Authority – National Skills Offer

2024: £148,000

2023: £150,000

Office for Students

2024: £127,000

2023: £74,000

### Specific Grants

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Teacher Pension Scheme Grant

2024: £977,000

2023: £761,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Capacity Funds

2024: £58,000

2023: £265,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Tuition Fund

2024: £594,000

2023: £586,000

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Covid Support

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

Education and Skills Funding Agency – Other

2024: £60,000

2023: £40,000

Releases of government capital grants

2024: £1,362,000

2023: £1,879,000

Total

2024: £42,980,000

2023: £40,266,000

## 3. Total Grant and Fee Income

Grant income from Office for Students

2024: £127,000

2023: £74,000

Grant income from other bodies

2024: £42,853,000

2023: £39,569,000

Fee income for taught awards

2024: £3,386,000

2023: £3,894,000

Total grant and fee income

2024: £46,366,000

2023: £43,537,000

## 4. Tuition Fees and Education Contracts

Adult education fees

2024: £641,000

2023: £566,000

Apprenticeship fees and contracts

2024: £84,000

2023: £97,000

Fees for FE loan supported courses

2024: £325,000

2023: £437,000

Fees for HE loan supported courses

2024: £273,000

2023: £385,000

Total tuition fees

2024: £1,323,000

2023: £1,485,000

Education contracts

2024: £2,063,000

2023: £2,409,000

Total

2024: £3,386,000

2023: £3,894,000

## 5. Other grants and contracts

Other grants and contracts

2024: £459,000

2023: £236,000

Total

2024: £459,000

2023: £236,000

## 6. Other income

Catering and residences

2024: £820,000

2023: £763,000

Non-government capital grants

2024: £636,000

2023: £634,000

Miscellaneous income

2024: £675,000

2023: £520,000

Total

2024: £2,131,000

2023: £1,917,000

## 7. Income

Interest receivable

2024: £355,000

2023: £1,000

Net interest on defined pension scheme

2024: £56,000

2023: N/A

Total

2024: £411,000

2023: £1,000

## 8. Donations

Total

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

## Staff costs and Key Management Personnel remuneration

The average headcount number of persons (including key management personnel) employed by college during the year was:

Teaching staff

2024: 344

2023: 337

Non-teaching staff

2024: 577

2023: 582

Total

2024: 921

2023: 919

### Staff costs for the above persons

Wages and salaries

2024: £21,917,000

2023: £21,055,000

Social security costs

2024: £1,980,000

2023: £1,784,000

Other pension costs

2024: £4,403,000

2023: £5,105,000

### Subtotal staff costs

2024: £28,300,000

2023: £27,944,000

Contractual restructuring costs

2024: £35,000

2023: £24,000

Non-contractual restructuring costs

2024: £49,000

2023: £29,000

### Total staff costs

2024: £28,384,000

2023: £27,997,000

The college paid 9 severance payments in the year, disclosed in the following bands:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 0- £25,000 | 9 |
| £25,0001 - £50,000 | 0 |
| £50,001 - £100,000 | 0 |
| £100,001 - £150,000 | 0 |
| £150,000+ | 0 |

Included in staff restructuring costs are special severance payments totalling £48,949 (2023 -

£28,791). Individually, the payments were: £1,443, £3,382, £3,685, £4,324, £6,905, £7,844, £8,440 and £12,926.

## Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the college and are represented by the College Senior Management Team which comprised of the Principal and Chief Executive, Vice Principal Finance and Resources, Vice Principal Curriculum and Innovation, Executive Director of Business Systems, Executive Director of Human Resources and Organisational Development, Assistant Principal Quality and Student Experience, Assistant Principal Curriculum and Performance, Assistant Principal Safeguarding and Inclusion, Director of External Relations and Apprenticeships, Director of Estates and Facilities and Executive Director of People and Culture.

**Emoluments of key management personnel, Accounting Officer and other higher paid**

**staff**

The number of key management personnel including the Accounting Officer was:

2024: 11

2023: 12

The above numbers include a member of key management personnel who left the college in 2023/24 (2023 - 2) and was replaced in year. Both the leavers and their replacements are included in the numbers above.

The number of staff who received annualised emoluments, excluding pension contributions and employers national insurance but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

£60,001 to £65,000

2024: 0

2023: 0

£65,001 to £70,000

2024: 1

2023: 3

£70,001 to £75,000

2024: 1

2023: 1

£75,001 to £80,000

2024: 3

2023: 3

£80,001 to £85,000

2024: 0

2023: 1

£85,001 to £90,000

2024: 1

2023: 1

£90,001 to £95,000

2024: 0

2023: 0

£100,001 to £105,000

2024: 2

2023: 0

£140,001 to £145,000

2024: 0

2023: 1

£145,001 to £150,000

2024: 1

2023: 0

Total

2024: 9

2023: 10

No other staff received emoluments excluding pension contributions but including benefits in kind in excess of £60,000 during the year.

Key management personnel emoluments are made up as follows:

Salaries gross of salary sacrifice

2024: £889,000

2023: £876,000

Employers National Insurance

2024: £110,000

2023: £111,000

Benefits in kind

2024: 0

2023: 1,000

Total

2024: £999,000

2023: £182,000

Pension contributions

2024: £193,000

2023: £182,000

Total key management personnel emoluments

2024: £1,192,000

2023: £1,170,000

The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Accounting Officer (who is also the highest paid officer) of:

Salaries

2024: £152,000

2023: £143,000

Benefits:

2024: 0

2023: 1,000

Total

2024: £152,000

2023: £144,000

Pension Contributions

2024: £39,000

2023: £34,000

Total emoluments

2024: £191,000

2023: £178,000

The governing body adopted AoC’s Senior Staff Remuneration Code in July 2019. It has assessed pay in line with its principles and will continue to do so in future.

The remuneration package of Senior Post Holders, including the Principal and Chief Executive, is subject to annual review by the Executive Employment Committee of the governing body who use benchmarking information to provide objective guidance.

The Principal and Chief Executive reports to the Chair of Governing Body, who undertakes an annual review of his performance against the college’s overall objectives using both qualitative and quantitative measures of performance.

The members of the Corporation did not receive any payment from the institution other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

Relationship of Principal/Chief Executive pay and remuneration expressed as a multiple:

Principal’s basic salary as a multiple of the median of all staff

2024: 5.4

2023: 5.8

Principals total remuneration as a multiple of the median of all staff

2024: 5.4

2023: 5.8

Compensation for loss of office paid to former key management personnel

Compensation paid to the former post-holder

2024: 0

2024: £29,531

Estimated value of other benefits, including provisions for pension benefits

2024: 0

2023: 0

Agency workers have been excluded from the calculation of the pay multiple.

All severance payments were approved by the college management team in line with college policy.

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of the Governors during the year was £598, 4 governors (2022/23 £215, 3 governors). This represents travel and subsistence expenses and other out of pocket expenses incurred in attending Governor meetings and charity events in their official capacity. No Governor has received any remuneration or waived payments from the college during the year.

### Other operating expenses

Teaching costs

2024: £4,204,000

2023: £4,764,000

Non-teaching costs

2024: £5,345,000

2023: £5,029

Premises costs

2024: £3,058,000

2023: £3,219,000

Total

2024: £12,607,000

2023: £13,012,000

**Deficit before taxation is stated after charging:**

Auditors’ remuneration:

Financial statements audit (excluding VAT)

2024: £63,000

2023: £72,000

Other services provided by the financial statements auditors

2024: £14,000

22023: £8,000

Internal audit (excluding VAT)

2024: £17,000

2023: £8,000

Hire of land and buildings under operating leases

2024: 0

2023: 0

Repayment of Restructuring Fund grant

2024: 0

2023: £617,000

Included within expenditure are the following transactions, individual transactions exceeding £5,000 are identified separately:

Compensation payments

Total: 0

Individual items above £5,000

Amount: 0

Reason: 0

Write off and losses

Total: £17,458,000

Individual items above £5,000

Amount: 0

Reason: 0

Guarantees, letters of comfort and indemnities

Total: 0

Individual items above £5,000

Amount: 0

Reason: 0

No ex-gratia payments were made.

The total value written off during the year was £17,458 and relates to previously provided for bad debts such as tuition fees, exam fees or library books.

### Interest payable

On loans and overdrafts

2024: £723,000

2023: £769,000

Pension finance costs (note 22)

2024: 0

2023: £113,000

Total

2024: £723,000

2023: £882,000

### Taxation

The Members do not believe the college was liable for any corporation tax arising out of its activities during either period.

### Tangible fixed assets

**Land and Buildings**

**Cost or valuation**

At 1 August 2023

Freehold: £107,689,000

Long Leasehold: £8,000,000

Equipment: £8,069,000

Total: £123,758,000

Additions

Freehold: £1,097,000

Long leasehold: N/A

Equipment: £1,677,000

Total: £123,758,000

Disposals

Freehold: N/A
Long leasehold: N/A

Equipment: (£1,364,000)

Total: (£1,364,000)

**At 31 July 2024**

Freehold: £108,786,000

Long leasehold: £8,000,000

Equipment: £8,382,000

Total: £125,168,000

**Depreciation**

**At 1 August 2023**

Freehold: £24,545,000

Long leasehold: £737,000

Equipment: £5,815,000

Total: £31,097

Charge for year

Freehold: £2,444,000

Long leasehold: £278,000

Equipment: £1,056,000

Total: £3,778,000

Elimination in disposals

Freehold: N/A

Long leasehold: N/A

Equipment: (£1,364,000)

Total: (1,364,0000)

At 31 July 2024

Freehold: £26,989,000

Long leasehold: £1,015,000

Equipment: £5,507,000

Total: £33,511,000

**Carrying amount at 31 July 2024**

Freehold: £81,797,000

Long leasehold: £6,985,000

Equipment: £2,875,000

Total: £91,657,000

Carrying amount at 31 July 2023

Freehold: £83,144,000

Long leasehold: £7,263,000

Equipment: £2,254,000

Total: £92,661,000

### Investments

Listed Investments

2024: £42,000

2023: £39,000

Totals

2024: £42,000

2023: £39,000

The investments are stated at fair value as at 31st July.

### Debtors

**Amounts falling due within one year**

Trade receivables

2024: £474,000

2023: £1,346,000

Other debtors

2024: £36,000

2023: £65,000

Prepayments and accrued income

2024: £1,168,000

2023: £925,000

Amounts owed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency

2024: £591,000

2023: £2,754,000

Total

2024: £2,269,000

2023: £5,090,000

**Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

Local authority loans

2024: £921,000

2023: £876,000

Trade payables

2024: £845,000

2023: £497,000

Other taxation and social security

2024: £493,000

2023: £431,000

Other creditors

2024: £2,423,000

2023: £2,392,000

Accruals and deferred income

2024: £2,953,000

2023: £8,479,000

Holiday pay accrual

2024: £231,000

2023: £201,000

Government capital grants

2024: £2,017,000

2023: £1,992,000

Government revenue grants

2024: £327,000

2023: £220,000

Total

2024: £10,210,000

2023: £15,088,000

### Creditors: Amounts falling after one year

Local authority loans

2024: £13,856,000

2023: £14,776,000

LEP overage liability

2024: £1,324,000

2023: £1,265,000

Other creditors

2024: £234,000

2023: £250,000

Government capital grants

2024: £51,255,000

2023: £48,469,000

Total

2024: £66,669,000

2023: £64,760,000

The LEP overage liability is the present value of a sum of £1.4m repayable to the LEP in 2026, being the difference between the grant intervention rate received on the Process Manufacturing Centre in 2016 and the final grant to be recognised against the project. In line with the accounting requirements of FRS102 ‘basic’ financial instruments, the discount rate of 4.56% applied is one considered to be reflective of commercial market rate at the time the grant was received.

### Debt

#### Local Authority and LEP overage liability

Local Authority loans and overage obligations are repayable as follows:

In one year or less

2024: £921,000

2023: £876,000

Between one and two years

2024: £2,292,000

2023: £920,000

Between two and five years

2024: £3,213,000

2023: £4,321,000

In five years or more

2024: £9,675,000

2023: £10,800,000

Total

2024: £16,101,000

2023: £16,917,000

The Local Authority loan is a fixed rate 25 year term loan with an outstanding principal sum at 31 July 2024 of £14,776,195 at 5.08%. The carrying value of secured assets at 31 July 2024 is £81.6m.

### Provisions for liabilities and charges

At 1 August 2023

**Enhanced Pensions**

Utilised in the period: £1,234,000

Reversed in the year: £72,000

At July 2024: £1,153,000

The enhanced pension provision related to the cost of staff that have already left the college’s employment and commitments for reorganisation costs from which the college cannot reasonably withdraw at the balance sheet date. This provision has been recalculated in accordance with guidance issued by the funding bodies.

The principal assumptions for this calculation are:

Price Inflation

2024: 2.80%

2023: 2.80%

Discount Rate

2024: 4.80%

2023: 4.80%

### Cash and cash equivalents

At 1 August 2023: £13,422,000

Cash flows: £4,245,000

Other changes: N/A

At July 31 2024: £17,667,000

Total

At August 2023: £13,422,000

Cash flows: £4,245,000

Other changes: N/A

At July 31 2024: £17,667,000

### Reconciliation of Net Debt

Cash and cash equivalents

At 1 August 2023: £13,422,000

Cash Flows: £4,245,000

Non-cash changes: N/A

At July 31 2024: £17,667,000

Borrowings: secured loans due under one year

At 1 August 2023: (£876,000)

Cash Flows: (£45,000)

Non-cash changes: N/A

At July 31 2024: (£921,000)

Borrowings: Secured loans due over one year

At 1 August 2023: (£16,041,000)

Cash Flows: £921,000

Non-cash changes: (£60,000)

At July 31 2024: (£15,180,000)

Total

At 1 August 2023: (£3,495,000)

Cash Flows: £5,121,000

Non-cash changes: (£60,000)

At July 31 2024: (£1,566,000)

### Capital commitments

Commitments contracted for at 31 July

2024: £20,000

2023: £29,000

### Defined benefit obligations

The college's employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans, the Teachers’ Pension Scheme (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuations of the TPS was 31 March 2020 and of the LGPS 31 March 2022.

**Total pension cost for the year**

Teachers’ Pension Scheme: contributions paid

2024: £2,401,000

2023: £2,097,000

Local Government Pension Scheme: contributions paid (including enhancements on redundancy)

2024: £2,250,000

2023: £2,026,000

FRS 102 (28) charge

2024: (£320,000)

2023: £1,031,000

Change to the Statement of Comprehensive Income

2024: £4,331,000

2023: £5,154,000

Enhanced pension credit to Statement of Comprehensive Income

2024: £72,000

2023: (£5,105,000)

Contributions amounting to £558,175 (2023 £454,555) were payable to the schemes at 31 July and are included within creditors.

### Teachers’ Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers’ Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. These regulations apply to teachers in schools, colleges and other educational establishments. Membership is automatic for teachers and lecturers at eligible institutions. Teachers and lecturers are able to opt out of the TPS.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a ’pay as you go' basis – these contributions, along with those made by employers, are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the above Act. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102 (28.11), the TPS is a multi-employer pension plan. The college is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the plan.

Accordingly, the college has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution plan. The college has set out above the information available on the plan and the implications for the college in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

### Valuation of the Teachers’ Pension Scheme

Not less than every four years the Government Actuary (“GA”), using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2020 and in accordance with The Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2023 and the Employer Contribution Rate was assessed using agreed assumptions in line with the Directions and was accepted at the original assessed rate as there was no cost control mechanism breach.

Valuation of the Teachers’ Pension Scheme

The valuation report was published on 26 October 2023. The key results of the valuation are:

* Total scheme liabilities for service (the capital sum needed at 31 March 2020 to meet the stream of future cash flows in respect of benefits earned) of £262 billion
* Value of notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the proceeds from the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £222 billion
* Notional past service deficit of £39.8 billion (2016 £22 billion)
* Discount rate is 1.7% in excess of CPI (2016 2.4% in excess of CPI (this change has had the greatest financial significance)

As a result of the valuation, new employer contribution rates have been set at 28.68% of pensionable pay from 1 April 2024 until 1 April 2028 (compared to 23.68% under the previous valuation including a 0.08% administration levy). DfE agreed to pay a Teachers Pensions employer contribution grant to cover the additional costs during the 2023-24 academic year, and currently through to July 2025.

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £2,401,101 (2023: £2,096,691).

### Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit plan, with the assets held in separate funds administered by the City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 July 2024 was £2,969,740 of which employees contributions deducted through payroll totalled

£721,517 and employer’s contributions totalled £2,248,223. The employer contribution rate is 19.1% for the year ending March 2025 and 19.2% for the year ending March 2026. Contribution rates after that time are not known. Employee contributions range from 5.5% to 12.5% depending on salary.

The next scheme valuation for LGPS will be 31 March 2025, with the new employer contribution rates applicable from 1 April 2026.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of an FE body in the statutory sector closure, where there is no transfer or merger, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 12 November 2024.

### Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The following information is based on a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2022 updated to 31 July 2024 by Aon, a qualified actuary.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  **Principal Actuarial Assumptions**  | **At 31 July****2024** | **At 31 July****2023** |
| Rate of increase in salaries | 3.85% | 3.85% |
| Future pensions increases | 2.60% | 2.60% |
| Discount rate for scheme liabilities | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| Inflation assumption (CPI - base) | 2.60% | 2.60% |
| Commutation of pensions to lump sums | 75% | 75% |

### Mortality Assumptions

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

**At 31 July 2024**

Retiring today

Males: 20.8 years

Females: 24.0 years

Retiring in 20 years

Males: 21.7 years

Females: 24.7 years

**At 31 July 2023**

Retiring today

Males: 21.0 years

Females: 24.1 years

Retiring in 20 years

Males: 22.2 years

Females: 25.1 years

**Asset Allocation**

**Fair Value at 31 July 2024**

Equities: £77,406,000

Property: £2.635,000

Government Bonds: £8,590,000

Cash: £2,635,000

Other: £2,440,000

Total: £96,610,000

**Fair Value at July 2023**

Equities: £70,613,000

Property: £2,909,000

Government Bonds: £6,524,000

Corporate Bonds: £3,967,000

Cash: £3,438,000

Other: £705,000

Total: £88,156,000

Actual return plan on assets

2024: £9,409,000

2023: £2,064,000

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

Fair value of plan assets

2024: £97,610,000

2023: £88,156,000

Present value of defined benefit obligations

2024: (£77,955,000)

2023: (£75,872,000)

**Net asset/(liability)**

2024: £19,655,000

2023: £12,284,000

Restriction to level of asset ceiling – before interest on asset restriction

2024: (£19,655,000)

2023: (£12,284,000)

**Net asset recognised in the balance sheet**

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

The value of the college’s share of net assets has been restricted due to the effect of the asset ceiling being the maximum value of the present of the economic benefits available in the form of the unconditional right to reduced contributions from the plan. A corresponding charge has been made to other comprehensive income in the period.

The College is aware that the Court of Appeal has recently upheld the decision in the Virgin Media vs NTL Pension Trustees II Limited case. The decision puts into question the validity of any amendments made in respect of the rules of a contracted-out pension scheme between 6 April 1997 and 5 April 2016. The judgment means that some historic amendments affecting s.9(2B) rights could be void if the necessary actuarial confirmation under s.37 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 was not obtained. Until further investigations have been completed by the UK Government’s Actuary’s Department and/or any legislative action taken by the government, the potential impact if any, on the valuation of scheme liabilities remains unknown.

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of the plan are as follows:

**Amounts included in staff costs**

Current service cost

2024: £1,930,000

2023: £3,053,000

Past service cost

2024: N/A

2023: £4,000

Total

2024: £1,930,000

2023: £3,057,000

**Amounts included in investment income and finance costs**

Net interest charge

2024: (£56,000)

2023: £113,000

**Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income**

Return on pension plan assets

2024: £4,999,000

2023: (£953,000)

Actuarial Gain

2024: £1,382,000

2023: £18,603,000

Restriction to level of asset ceiling – including interest on restriction

2024: (£6,757,000)

2023: (£12,284,000)

Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

2024: (£376,000)

2023: (£5,366,000)

**Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations**

**Defined benefit obligations at start of period**

2024: £75,872,000

2023: £90,515,000

Current service cost

2024: £1,930,000

2023: £3,053,000

Past service cost

2024: N/A

2023: £4,000

Interest cost

2024: £3,740,000

2023: £3,130,000

Contributions by Scheme participants

2024: £722,000

2023: £659,000

Actuarial gain

2024: (£1,382,000)

2023: (£18,603,000)

Estimated benefits paid

2024: (£2,927,000)

2023: (£2,886,000)

Defined benefit obligations at end of period

2024: £77,955,000

2023: £75,872,000

### Reconciliation of Assets

### Fair value of plan assets at start of period

2024: £88,156,000

2023: £86,293,000

Interest income

2024: £4,410,000

2023: £3,017,000

Return on plan assets (excluding net interest on the net defined benefits scheme)

Actuarial gain/(loss)

2024: £4,410,000

2023: (£913,000)

Employer contributions

2024: £2,250,000

2023: £2,026,000

Contributions by Scheme participants

2024: £722,000

2023: £659,000

Estimated benefits paid

2024: (£2,927,000)

2023: (£2,886,000)

Assets at end of period

2024: £97,610,000

2023: £88,156,000

### Related Party Transactions

Kirklees College is one of seven equal college partners in the West Yorkshire Consortium of Colleges (WYCC). Income of £612,071 and payments to partners of £101,508 have been reflected in these financial statements related to the Local Skills Improvement Fund through WYCC.

Key management compensation disclosure is given in note 8.

Access Investment

2024: £181,000

2023: £222,000

Financial Support

2024: £5,000

2023: £7,000

Disability Support

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

Research and Evaluation

2024: N/A

2023: N/A

Total

2024: £186,000

2023: £229,000

The College Access and Participation plan can be found on the college website under policies and reports.

The sum disclosed for Access Investment includes £90,700 (2022/23 £91,649) which is included within staff costs disclosed at Note 8 of these financial statements.

**Independent reporting accountant’s report on regularity to the corporation of Kirklees College and Secretary of State for Education acting through Education and Skills Funding Agency**

**Qualified conclusion**

We have carried out an engagement, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 6 August 2024 and further to the requirements of the grant funding agreements and contracts with the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the “ESFA”) and the Department for Education (the DfE) or those of any other public funder, to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Kirklees College during the period 1 July 2023 to 31 August 2024

have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In the course of our work, except for the matters arising listed below, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 July 2023 to 31 August 2024 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

**Matters arising**

During the financial year ended 31 July 2024 the college made a non contractual termination payment to an employee in excess of the delegated authority given to the college under the ESFA’s bite-size guide “college requirements for special payments, including severance, compensation and ex-gratia payments”. The amount of the non contractual special payment that required prior ESFA consent, which was not sought was £3,985, which was greater than the equivalent to 3 months gross salary.

### Basis for qualified conclusion

The framework that has been applied is set out in the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice (the Code) issued by the ESFA and in any relevant conditions of funding concerning adult education notified by a relevant funder.

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the FRC’s Ethical Standard and the ethical pronouncements of the ICAEW. We also apply International Standard on Quality Management (UK) 1 Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements and accordingly maintain comprehensive systems of continuing quality management. We believe the assurance evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our qualified conclusion.

### Responsibilities of Corporation of Kirklees College for regularity

The Corporation of Kirklees College is responsible, under the grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent legislation and related regulations and guidance, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. The Corporation of Kirklees College is also responsible for preparing the Governing Body's Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance.

### Reporting accountant’s responsibilities for reporting on regularity

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession’s ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Code.

**Independent reporting accountant’s report on regularity to the corporation of Kirklees College and Secretary of State for Education acting through Education and Skills Funding Agency (continued)**

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity. A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and the procedures performed vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement; consequently a limited assurance engagement does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 July 2023 to 31 August 2024 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our work included identification and assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the controls, policies and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with the framework of authorities including the specific requirements of the grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and those of any other public funder and high level financial control areas where we identified a material irregularity is likely to arise. We undertook detailed testing, on a sample basis, on the identified areas where a material irregularity is likely to arise where such areas are in respect of controls, policies and procedures that apply to classes of transactions.

This work was integrated with our audit of the financial statements and evidence was also derived from the conduct of that audit to the extent it supports the regularity conclusion.

**Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the Corporation of Kirklees College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to Corporation of Kirklees College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation of Kirklees College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.



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Date 13/12/ 2024